

MarketOutlook Mid Year 2019 K. Sean Clark, CFA®

Thursday, June 20, 2019

Agenda

- What We Said in January
- Where We Are Now
- What's Next

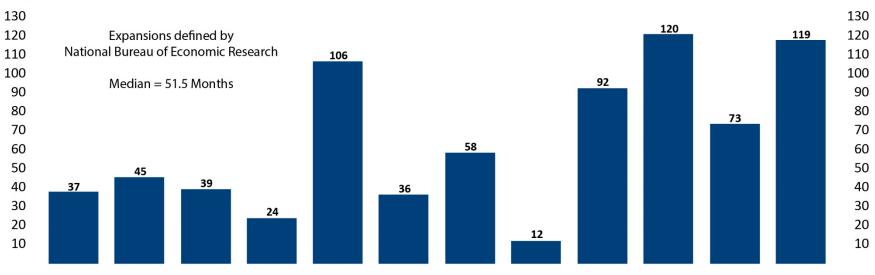
What We Said in January

2019 Outlook – January Highlights

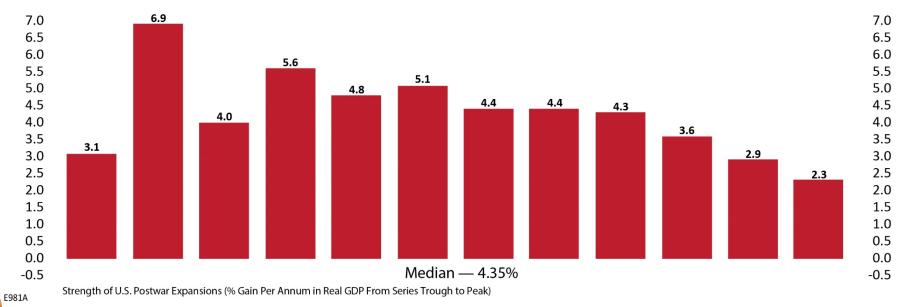
- Cyclical bear ending within context of Secular bull. Expect global equity markets to rebound. 2019 S&P 500 target of 2900.
- International We believe emerging markets set to outperform.
- We believe volatility remain elevated given correction and late cycle economic expansion.
- Economy about to become longest U.S. economic expansion on record. Strong economic momentum, leading indicators, labor market, yield curve suggest continued economic growth. For U.S. economy, we believe growth to moderate to 2.3%. Global economy to grow 3.5%.
- Risks to the outlook Peak in earnings growth, risk of policy mistake by Federal Reserve, budget deficit, China trade war, geopolitical risks in Europe (Brexit, political turmoil on continent), politics in U.S..
- Federal Reserve Expect one additional rate hike. Market beginning to price in potential for rate cut late 2019 / 2020. May slow balance sheet reduction.
- Fixed Income 3.00% target for 10-year yields. Favor risk off coming into year.
 Credit conditions and strength of economy still supportive of credit after correction.

Where We Are Now

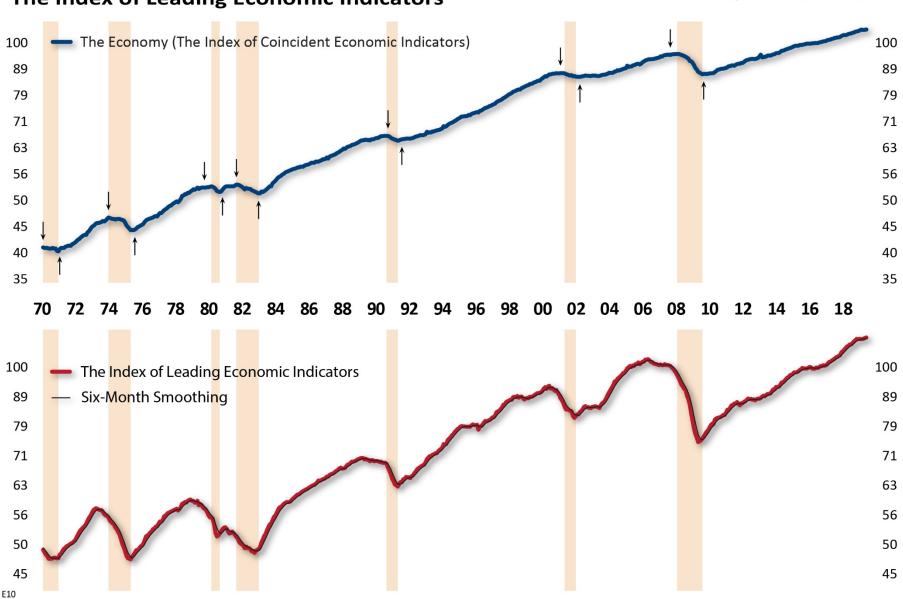
Length of U.S. Postwar Expansion (Months)



1945-10-31 1949-10-31 1954-05-31 1958-04-30 1961-02-28 1970-11-30 1975-03-31 1980-07-31 1982-11-30 1991-03-31 2001-11-30 2009-06-30



2019-05-31



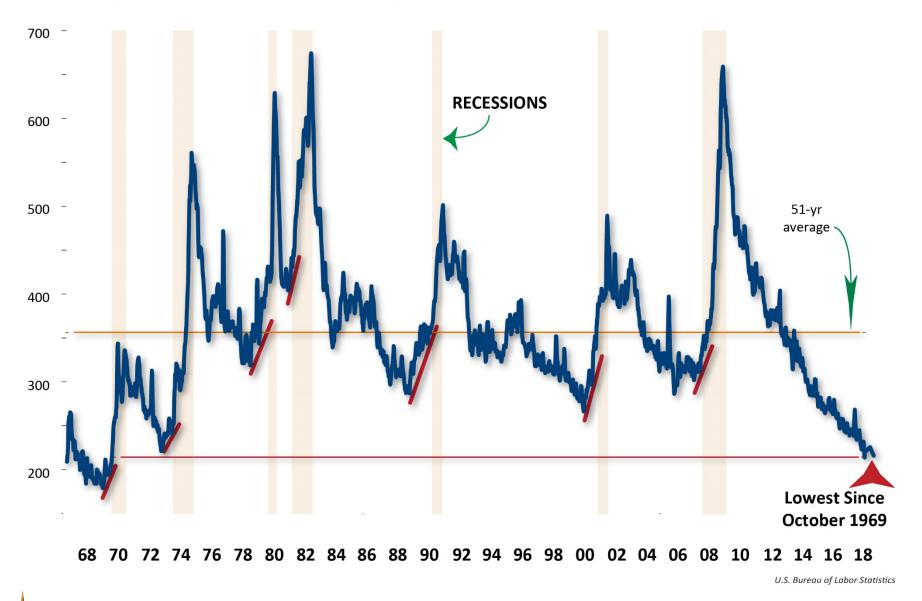
The Index of Leading Economic Indicators

Monthly Data 1969-12-31 to 2019-04-30

LEI Recession Lead Times

LEI Peak	Recession Start	Months from Peak to Start
12/31/1959	4/30/1960	4
4/30/1969	12/31/1969	8
2/28/1973	11/30/1973	9
10/31/1978	1/31/1980	15
10/31/1980	7/31/1981	9
1/31/1989	7/31/1990	18
4/30/2000	3/31/2001	11
3/31/2006	12/31/2007	21

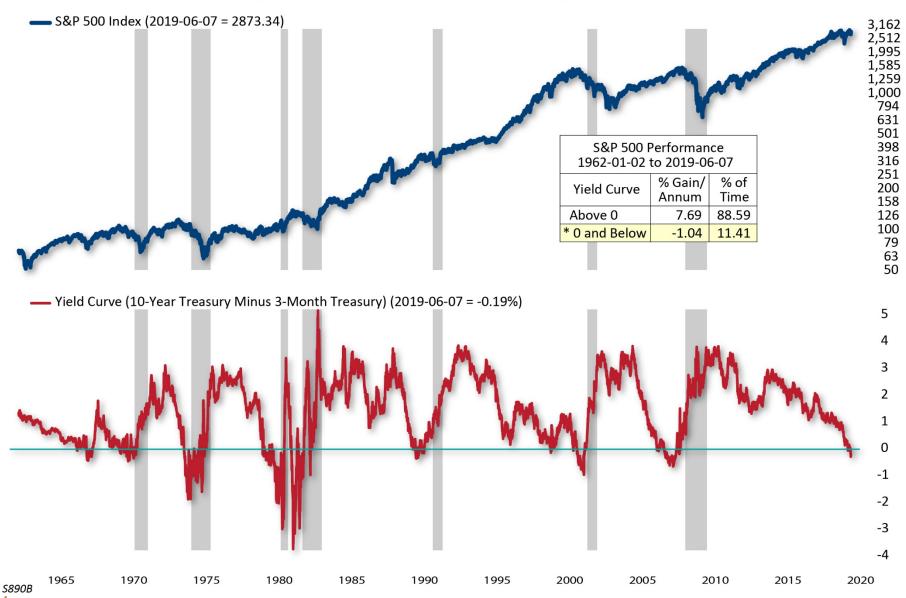
Unemployment Claims (4-wk moving avg)



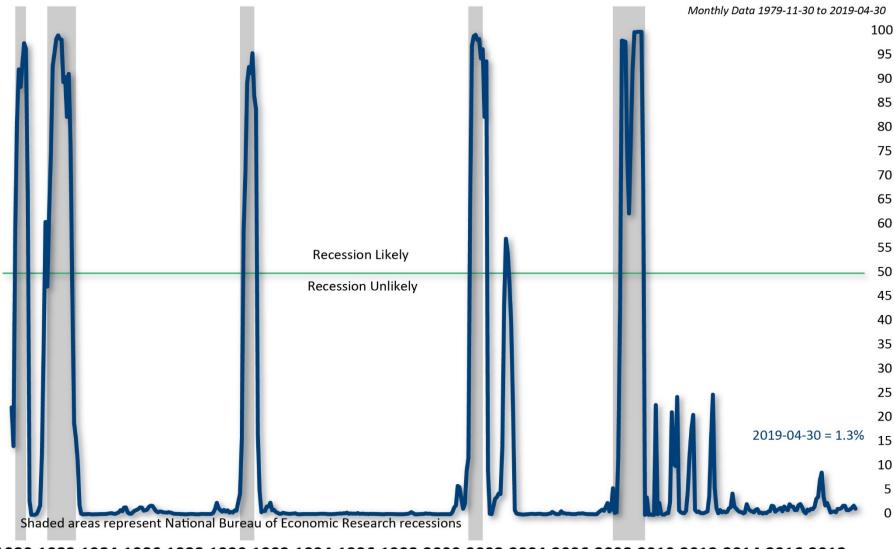
Unemployment Rate Before Recessions

Unemployment Low	Rate	Recession	Rate	Point Change	Number Days
5/31/1948	3.5	11/30/1948	3.8	0.3	183
5/31/1953	2.5	7/31/1953	2.6	0.1	61
3/31/1957	3.7	8/31/1957	4.1	0.4	153
2/29/1960	4.8	4/30/1960	5.2	0.4	61
9/30/1968	3.4	12/31/1969	3.5	0.1	457
10/31/1973	4.6	11/30/1973	4.8	0.2	30
5/31/1979	5.6	1/31/1980	6.3	0.7	245
12/31/1980	7.2	7/31/1981	7.2	0.0	212
3/31/1989	5.0	7/31/1990	5.5	0.5	487
4/30/2000	3.8	3/31/2001	4.3	0.5	335
10/31/2006	4.4	12/31/2007	5.0	0.6	426
Mean			0.35	241	
Median			0.4	212	

S&P 500 vs. Yield Curve (10-Year Minus Three-Month)



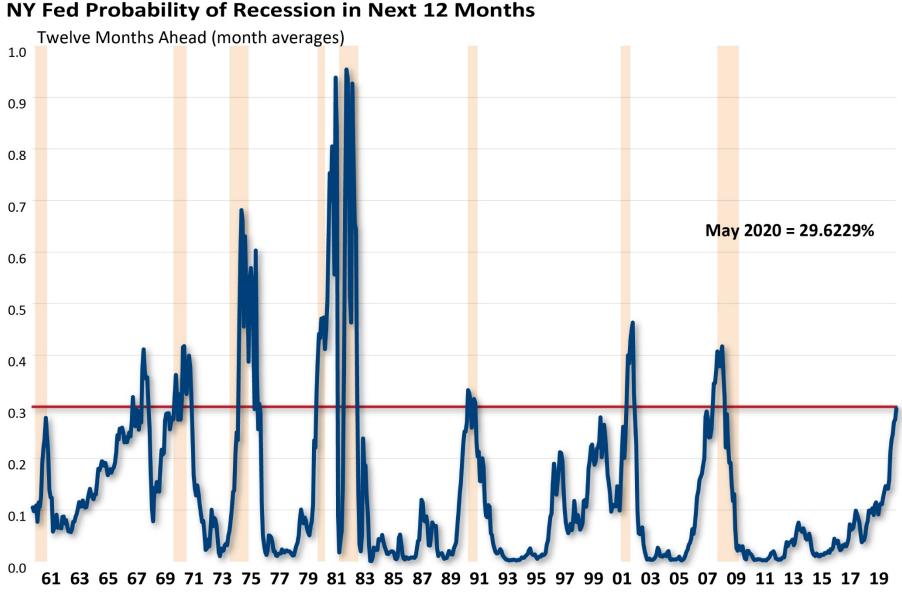
U.S. Recession Probability Model Based on State Conditions (Real Time)



1980 1982 1984 1986 1988 1990 1992 1994 1996 1998 2000 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 2018

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Economic and market forecasts presented herein reflect a series of assumptions and judgments as of the date of this presentation and are subject to change without notice. Forward-looking statements cannot be guaranteed.



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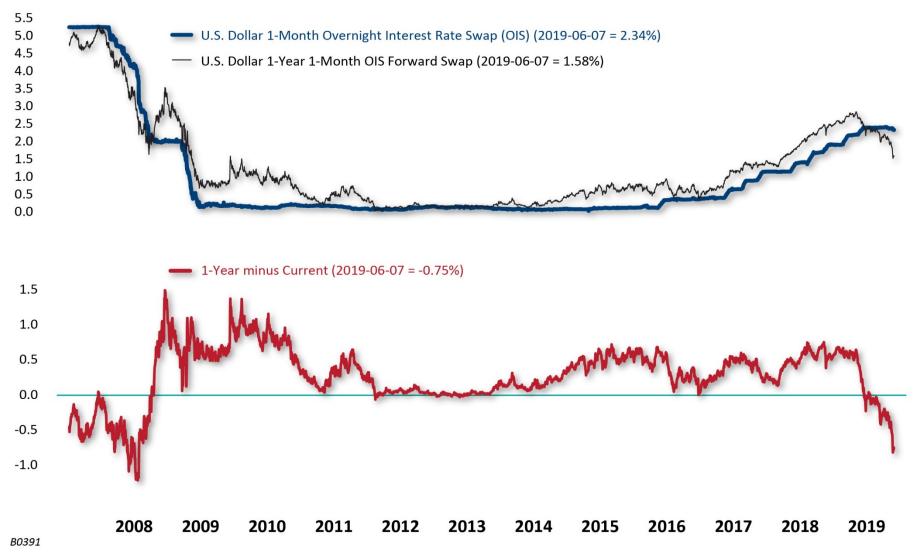
What's Next

What Usually Happens After the Fed Tightens Rates?

Tightening Cycle Began in:	U.S. Manufacturing PMI Fell Below 50	EPS Recession	GDP Recession
1954	YES	YES	YES
1958	YES	YES	YES
1961	YES	YES	NO
1967	YES	YES	YES
1972	YES	YES	YES
1977	YES	YES	YES
1980	YES	YES	YES
1983	YES	YES	NO
1988	YES	YES	YES
1994	YES	NO	NO
1999	YES	YES	YES
2004	YES	YES	YES
Hit Rates	100%	92%	75%

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Policy Rate Expectations Using OIS Curve



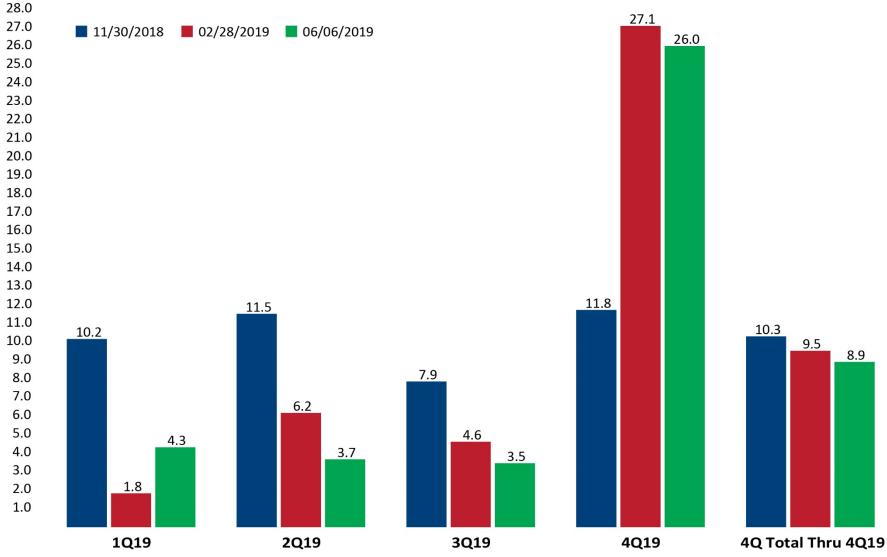
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S&P 500 Forward vs. Trailing Price/Earnings Ratios

S&P 500 One-Year Forward Price/Earnings Ratio* (2019-05-31 = 16.34)



S&P 500 Consensus Operating EPS Estimates (Year/Year % Change)



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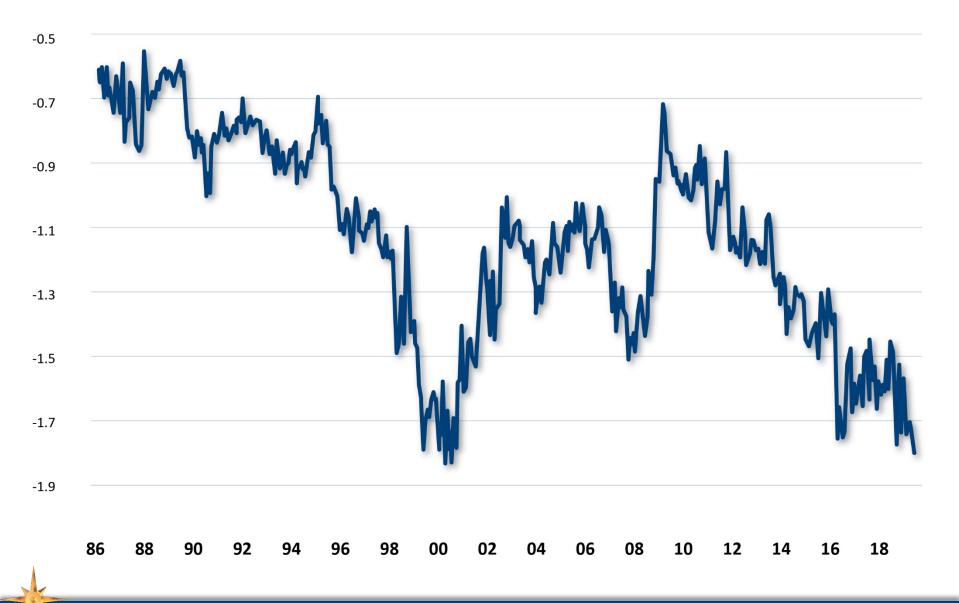
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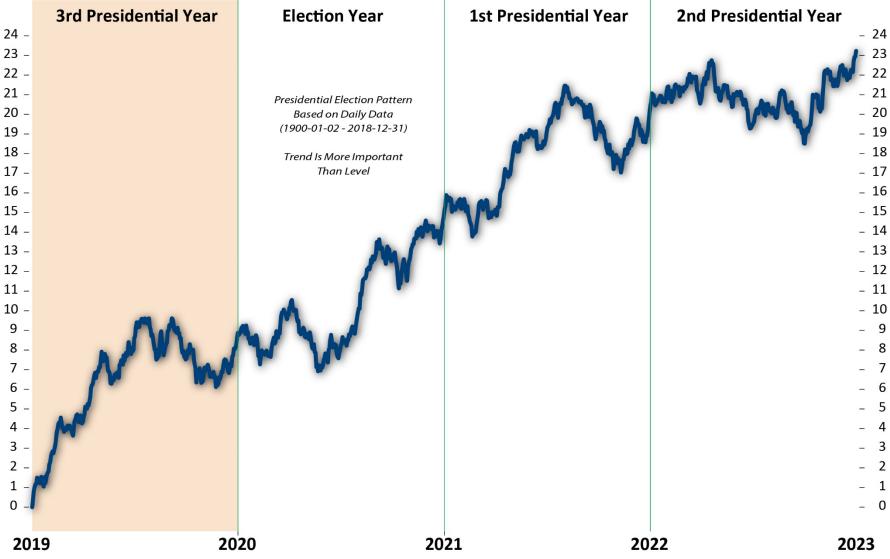
Foward P/E Spread, S&P 500, Value vs. Market



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P/B Spread, S&P 500, Value vs. Market



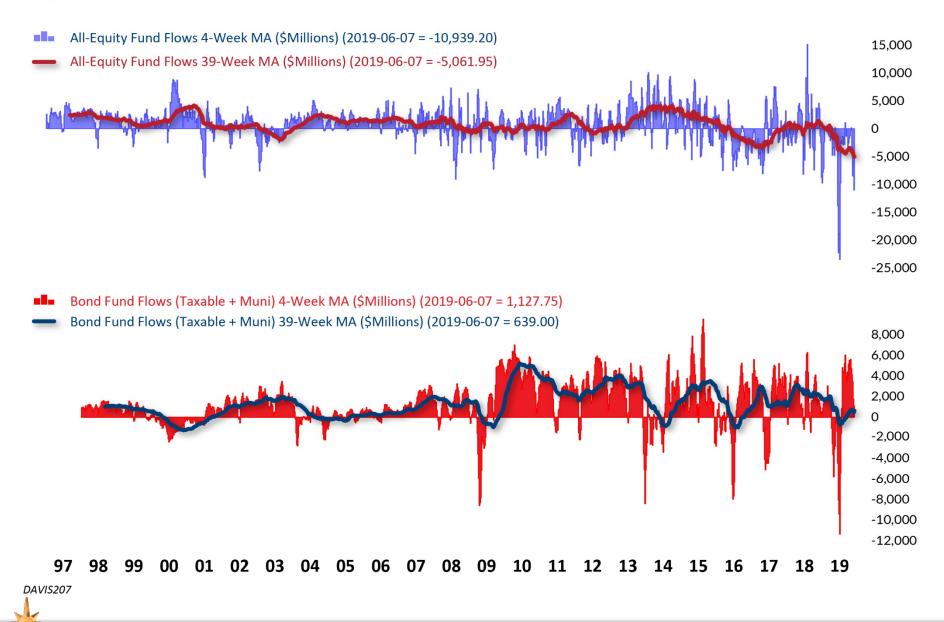


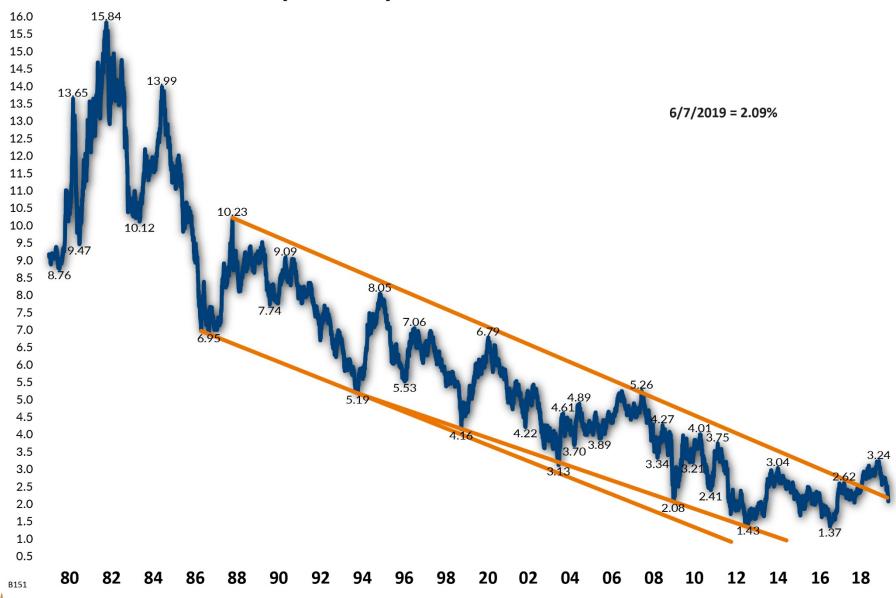
Dow Industrials Four-Year Presidential Cycle

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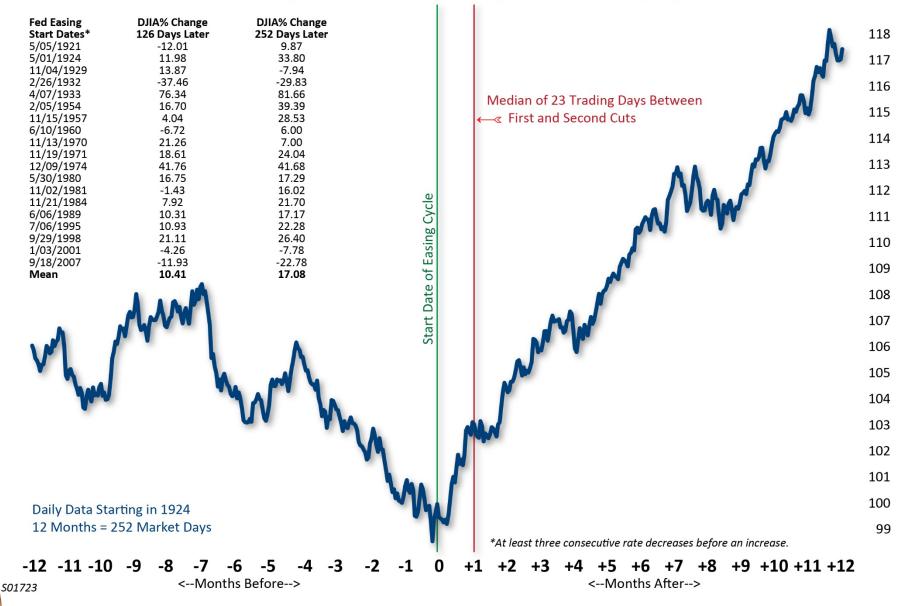
Equity and Bond Flows Including ETFs



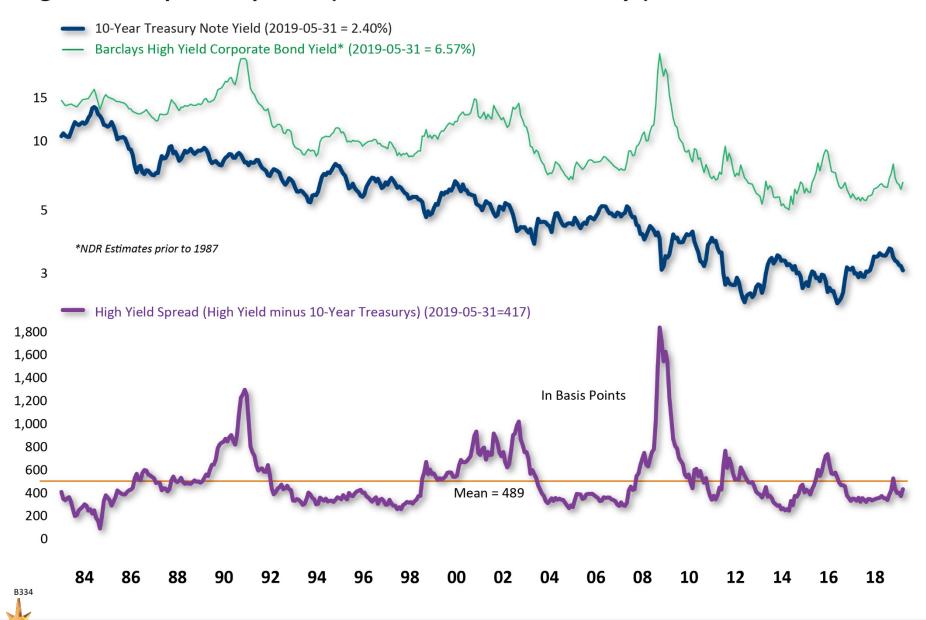


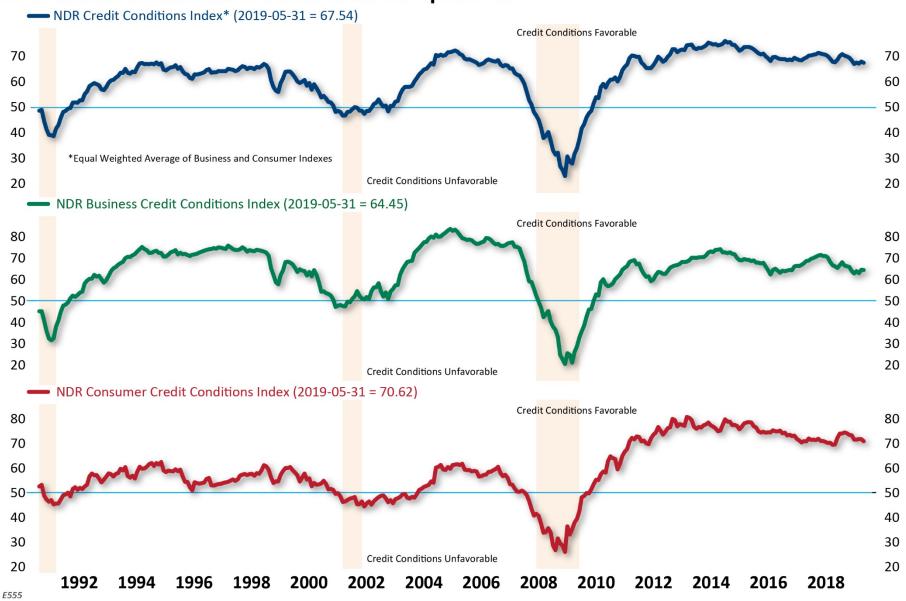
10-Year Constant Maturity Treasury Note Yields

Dow Jones Industrial Average Around Beginning of Fed Easing Cycles



High Yield Corporate Spreads (Relative to 10-Year Treasurys)

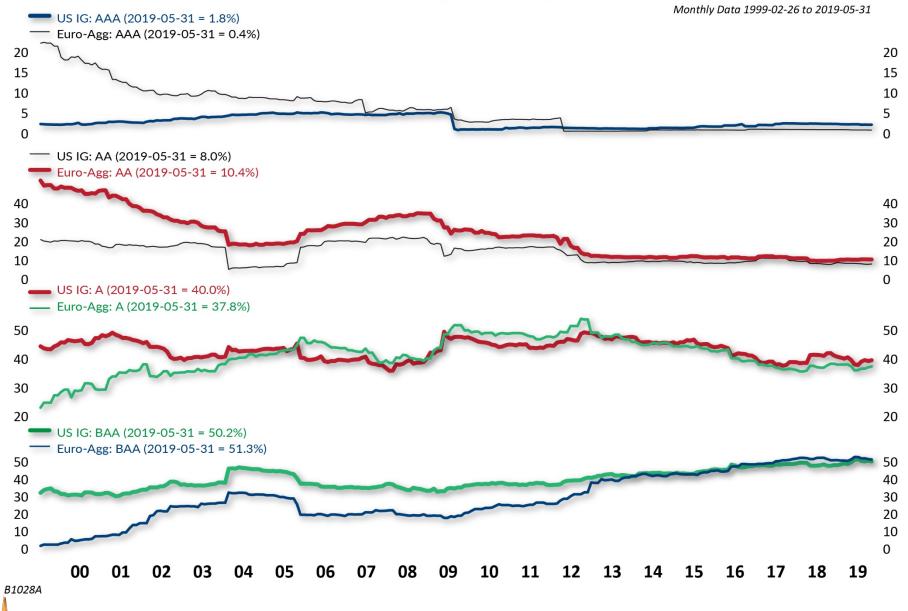


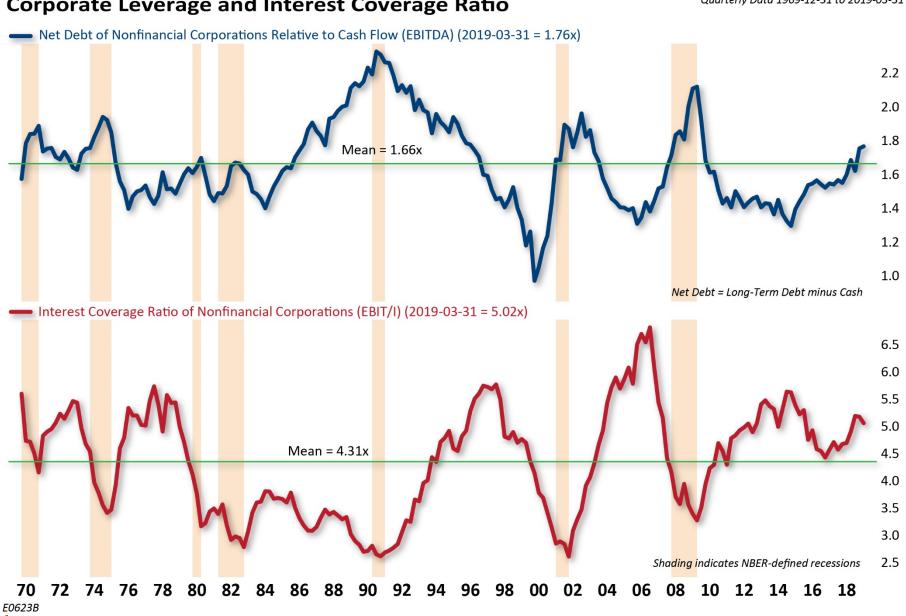


NDR Credit Conditions Index and Its Components

Monthly Data 1990-08-31 to 2019-05-31

U.S. and European Investment Grade Corporates by Credit Quality (as a % of Total)



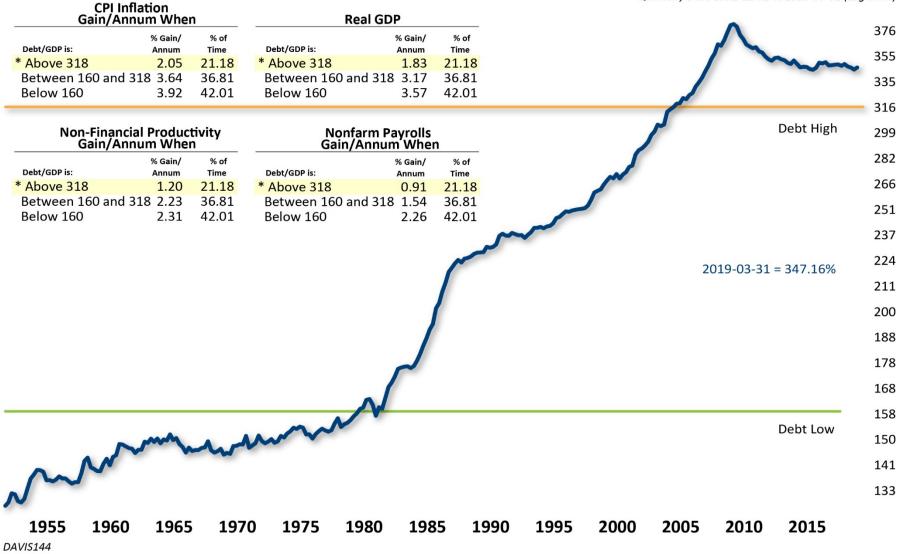


Corporate Leverage and Interest Coverage Ratio

Quarterly Data 1969-12-31 to 2019-03-31

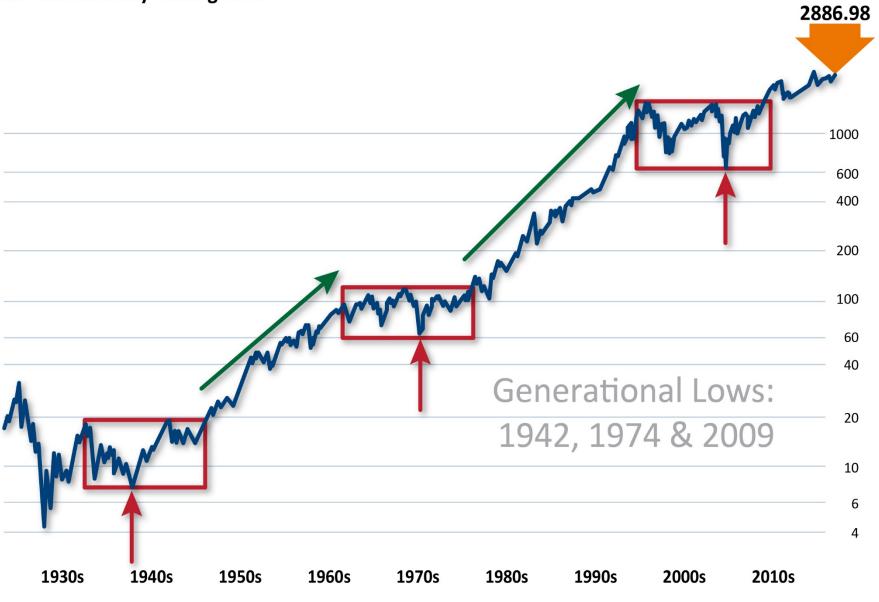
Total Credit Market Debt's (All Sectors, as a % of GDP) Potential Impact On Growth

Quarterly Data 1951-12-31 to 2019-03-31 (Log Scale)



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S&P 500 Monthly Closing Price



2019 Mid-Year Outlook – Executive Summary

- Secular Bull Market We expect global equity markets to rebound with a 2019 S&P 500 target range of 2800–3000. Range due to wider potential outcomes, and a lot depends on trade and economic trends.
- Economy About to become longest U.S. economic expansion on record. We do not anticipate a recession in 2019, but signs are beginning to appear. We believe end of 2020 is the potential time for recession.
- Risks to the Outlook China trade war, risk of policy mistakes by the Fed, budget deficit, geopolitical risks in Europe and Iran, U.S. political division.
- Emerging Markets It's a trade war call. If an agreement is reached, then emerging markets should outperform.
- Federal Reserve Market is pricing in three rate cuts over next 12 months. We think that is too much and expect one rate cut, maybe two if trade war worsens.
- Fixed Income Low interest rates are here to stay given debt burden and negative rates across the globe. Credit conditions and strength of economy are still supportive of credit. Growing concern over debt at BBB credit risk.

2019 Market Outlook

Will be provided in pdf format



MarketOutlook

Market Commentary by K. Sean Clark, CFA® Chief Investment Officer

January 2019



K. Sean Clark, CFA Chief Investment Officer

As Clark Capital's Chief Investment Officer, Sean oversees all of the Firm's investment activities and heads the Firm's portfolio team. Sean joined the Firm in 1993 and is responsible for asset allocation and investment selection for Navigator Investment Solutions as well as directing ongoing market research and contributing to the development of proprietary products. Sean is a member of the Clark Capital Executive Committee and the Board of Directors. He graduated from the University of Delaware, earning a B.S. and an M.A. in Economics. Sean is a Chartered Financial Analyst and a member of the CFA Institute (formerly AIMR) and the Financial Analysts of Philadelphia, Inc. Sean is considered an industry expert and is often asked to appear on CNBC and Bloomberg television to share his views on the market. In addition, Sean was featured in an article in Barron's and has been quoted in a number of articles in nationally distributed business journals and newspapers.

Title

2017 was an exceptional year for the global converse and the stock markets. The major equity markets stand at or more moved highs and connexity growth is accelerating as we bugin the Niew Yine. In the U.S., the economy is on solid Bosting, accelerating as acceleration of the part several quarters and we enter 2018 point for continued expension. The primary scenestric indicators suggest continued growth through 2018. For example, the Conference Board's Index of Loading Economic Indicators continues to bit new bight, commuters are optimistic with the Commune Confidence at a new moreously high, and the labor market is healthy with a 4% unemployment rate and jobless chains hitting their lowest level since the early 1970s. These all suggest that the rememply is point for continuent growth in 2018, which bades well for the global equity markets.

Our view of the markets somation that we are still within the context of a long-term sociale bull market is sincks. We are now almost mine years into this bull market, and if history is any guide, we may only be half-say through this long term bullish trend. We report U.S. stucks to post mid to upper single digit gains for the year, with a target of 2000 on the S&P 100. However, following fast year's support dented streak with a target of meaningful corrections and the lack of volatility, we expect to see an optarm in volatiity and a roturn of more merend market corrections. Since we don't see a meaning for additional gains. In the final income markets, we correctly force could over duration, an continued generic to risk anoth.

As absorpt, we are minibiled of risks, 2018 is a smillness election year, and historically millness dentition years have experienced a decourt correction in the middle of the year, but those corrections have also set the stage for very strong robustal radius. Other areas of risk include valuations, corring growth expectations, the path of menutary policy, a new Endered Reserve Chairman, and groupolitical issues to memory in a few Valuations are again stortched, which could cap further opside gains. The Federal Reserve has come black iterations transmission times in this copies and plane to continue to black rates in 2018. An overly aggressive Fed coupled with stortched valuations is a concern as we enter the New Yost. Finally, we will see new leadership at the beins of the Federal Reserve and historically the market has tested new Fed Chairs within six months of their taking control.

Although there are risks to be mindful of as we begin the New Yoar, we believe 2018 will be a positive year for the markets.

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Disclosure

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The S&P 500 measures the performance of the 500 leading companies in leading industries of the U.S. economy, capturing 75% of U.S. equities.

The Barclays U.S. Corporate High-Yield Index covers the USDdenominated, non-investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market. Securities are classified as high-yield if the middle rating of Moody's, Fitch, and S&P is Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below.

Index returns include the reinvestment of income and dividends. The returns for these unmanaged indexes do not include any transaction costs, management fees or other costs. It is not possible to make an investment directly in any index.

The volatility (beta) of an account may be greater or less than its respective benchmark.

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