

Monthly Recap

May 2018

EQUITY MARKETS

The S&P 500 Index added to April's gains with additional gains in May, pushing this widely followed index into positive year-to-date territory. Despite late-month stress arising from political turmoil in Italy and flaring of tariff concerns in the U.S., domestic equities were able to post solid gains for the month. The Russell 2000 Index, a measure of small capitalization stocks, performed even better during May and achieved a new all-time high. While U.S. equities gained in May, international equities struggled. A stronger U.S. dollar, higher interest rates, turmoil in Italy and ongoing headlines concerning tariff barriers were among the factors that weighed on international equities during the month. Overall, this was a month U.S. equities clearly outperformed their international counterparts. Most major U.S. stock indices, including the S&P 500, Dow Jones Industrial Average, NASDAQ, Russell 1000, Russell 2000 and Russell 3000 posted gains for May. The Russell 2000 Index hit a new all-time high during May and stood out among the major equity indices with some of the strongest monthly gains. International stocks struggled in May with both developed international and emerging market equities declining for the month.

FIXED INCOME MARKETS

The notable rise in 10-year U.S. Treasury yields during much of May was countered by a late-month flight to quality which led to a rally in Treasury bond prices and declining yields. After ending April above 2.9%, the yield surpassed 3.1% during May before closing the month around 2.83%. Overall, this decline in yields led to a positive backdrop for most pockets of fixed income for the month. One notable exception was high yield bonds, which slipped marginally lower during May. The Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index, U.S. Treasuries, municipals and investment grade corporate bonds all gained for the month. Despite a modest decline in May, high yield bonds, while negative, have still performed relatively better than most other fixed income categories on a year-to-date basis.

ECONOMIC DATA

For the most part, economic data slowed in April from March's levels, but the economy remained in a growth mode. The ISM Manufacturing Index and the ISM Non-Manufacturing Index were both below expectations in April and lower than March's level. However, both readings also remained comfortably above the 50 mark, which is the dividing line between expansion and contraction for these indices. The second reading of first quarter 2018 GDP was revised modestly lower to 2.2% from the first estimate of 2.3%. While this reading had been expected to stay at 2.3%, the second reading was still ahead of the original consensus estimate of 2.0% growth. Housing data in April was also lower than March's levels, but housing starts and building permits continued to reflect a robust housing market. After disappointing in March, non-farm payroll additions improved in April but were below consensus estimates. On a positive note, the unemployment rate dipped to 3.9% when it had been expected to remain at 4.0%, and average hourly earnings rose at a modestly slower pace than expected. Year-over-year inflation readings through April were all below expectations with the exception of headline CPI, which came in as expected with a 2.5% annual increase. The Federal Open Market Committee met in early May and, as anticipated, kept policy rates unchanged.

Event	Period	Estimate	Actual	Prior	Revised
Nonfarm Payroll	Apr	193,000	164,000	103,000	135,000
Unemployment	Apr	4.0%	3.9%	4.1%	
ISM Manufacturing	Apr	58.5	57.3	59.3	
ISM Non-Manufacturing	Apr	58.0	56.8	58.8	
Retail Sales ex Auto & Gas	Apr	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%
Average Hourly Earnings YOY	Apr	2.7%	2.6%	2.7%	2.6%
JOLTS Job Openings	Mar	6,100,000	6,550,000	6,052,000	6,078,000
PPI MOM	Apr	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%	
PPI MOM ex Food & Energy	Apr	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	
ΡΡΙ ΥΟΥ	Apr	2.8%	2.6%	3.0%	
PPI YOY ex Food & Energy	Apr	2.4%	2.3%	2.7%	
CPI MOM	Apr	0.3%	0.2%	-0.1%	



Monthly Recap

Source: Bloomberg

CPI MOM ex Food & Energy	Apr	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	
CPI YOY	Apr	2.5%	2.5%	2.4%	
CPI YOY ex Food & Energy	Apr	2.2%	2.1%	2.1%	
Industrial Production	Apr	0.6%	0.7%	0.5%	0.7%
Housing Starts	Apr	1,310,000	1,287,000	1,319,000	1,336,000
Building Permits	Apr	1,350,000	1,352,000	1,354,000	1,377,000
New Home Sales	Apr	680,000	662,000	694,000	672,000
Existing Home Sales	Apr	5,550,000	5,460,000	5,600,000	
Leading Index	Apr	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.4%
Durable Goods Orders	Apr (P)	-1.3%	-1.7%	2.6%	2.7%
S&P CoreLogic CS 20-City YOY	Mar	6.45%	6.79%	6.80%	6.76%
Personal Income	Apr	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%
Personal Spending	Apr	0.4%	0.6%	0.4%	0.5%
GDP Annualized QOQ	1Q (S)	2.3%	2.2%	2.3%	
Univ. of Mich. Sentiment	May (F)	98.8	98.0	98.8	

P = Preliminary, S = Second, F = Final,

Forward looking statements are not guaranteed. Clark Capital Management Group, Inc. is an investment adviser registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Registration does not imply a certain level of skill or training. More information about Clark Capital's advisory services can be found in its Form ADV which is available upon request. Material presented has been derived from sources considered to be reliable, but the accuracy and completeness cannot be guaranteed. Nothing herein should be construed as a solicitation to buy, sell or hold any securities, other investments or to adopt any particular investment strategy or strategies. For educational use only. CCM-993